## GWIMS Equity Recruitment Toolkit

Your Go To Equity Guide for Recruitment: Recruitment for positions, committees (search, non-search), and speakership
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GWIMS Toolkit

Diversity drives innovation - when we limit who can contribute, we in turn limit what problems we can solve.
-Telle Whitney

## Background

Studies have shown that more diverse groups of people have better problem solving skills.
In this tool kit we address recruitment for:

- Positions, both faculty positions and those of leadership (i.e. New hires, Division Head, Chief Medical Officer, etc.)
- Committee membership (at the institution level, for national meetings, etc.)
- Speakership

We also provide tools for reporting and tracking of your recruitment efforts.

[^0]
## Outline - Recruitment for Positions

- Search committee membership
- Recruiting diverse applicants
- Job description
- Posting the ad
- Interview process
- Hiring decisions


## Search Committee Membership and ToolsSearch Committee Composition <br> Ensure diverse search committee and applicant pool

- Ensure gender balance among committee members.
- Should there not be sufficient diversity from within a group then seek diversity from members external to the group
- Aim for $40 \%$ representation from either gender.
- There is generally limited evidence based information on ideal committee composition. We believe more diversity is better and thus have stated to aim for $40 \%$ from either gender.
- In November 2012 the European Commission proposed legislation to increase the number of women on corporate boards by $40 \%$ in publicly listed companies. ${ }^{1}$

${ }^{1}$ https://ec.europa.eu/info/strategy/justice-and-fundamental-rights/discrimination/gender-equality/gender-balance-decision-making-positions_en


## Search Committee Membership and ToolsSearch Committee Composition <br> Ensure diverse search committee and applicant pool

- Ensure diverse applicant pool
- Heilman ${ }^{1}$ found that when women composed $25 \%$ or less (i.e. no more than two) of the applicants in a pool of eight, they were viewed as less qualified than male applicants and as being more stereotypically female on gender-related adjectival scales than when women made up at least $37.5 \%$ o the pool.
- Equity expert - on committee (ideally) or as advisor
${ }^{1}$ Heilman M. the Sex 1980.



## Search Committee Membership and ToolsEquity and Unconscious Bias Training

- Provide equity and unconscious bias training for all members of the committee
- We can consider implicit bias as a habit. Like any habit, becoming aware of the habit and being motivated to change are necessary first steps.
- Investigate your unconscious biases: take an Implicit Association Test.
- https://implicit.harvard.edu/implicit/
- Well accepted tool for measuring unconscious biases; it is NOT correlated with conscious bias.
- Utilize AAMC unconscious bias resources
- https://www.aamc.org/initiatives/diversity/learningseries/346528 howardrossinterview.html
- What you don't know: The science of unconscious bias in the search and recruitment process
- https://www.aamc.org/members/leadership/catalog/178420/unc onscious bias.html


## Search Committee Membership and Tools

Provide toolkit to committee with:

- Methodology to create job descriptions
- Advice on how to evaluate applications with nontraditional components
- List of interview questions that all candidates are asked

The next set of slides will highlight key areas for the 3 topics above with links to resources on the web.

## Advertise for Diversity - Job Descriptions and Job Postings

- Identify program and organizational needs and personnel gaps the position will meet
- Provide information about the institution and resources that would serve a diverse group of people
- Include highlights about the position/institution that highlight the aim for diversity
- Are men always picked over women? The effects of Employment Equity Directives on Selection Decisions. Ng, E.S. \& Wiesner, W.H. J Bus Ethics (2007) 76: 177. https://doi.org/10.1007/s10551-006-9266-3
- Have diversity expert review the ad
- Use inclusive, unbiased, ungendered language (utilize "all genders" instead of women and men). Resources: http://gender-decoder.katmatfield.com; https://textio.com
- Avoid prioritizing traits that are traditionally viewed as masculine
- Conduct an environmental scan. Does the environment that the candidates will see support diversity? (i.e. evaluate websites, public relations materials, etc.)
- Advertise widely including professional societies and associations of designated groups; solicit professional organizations for names of candidates
- Actively seek out diverse and highly qualified candidates


## Advertise for Diversity - Job Descriptions and Job Postings

- Web resources
- https://www.glassdoor.com/employers/blog/10-ways-remove-gender-bias-job-listings/
- http://www.chairs-chaires.gc.ca/program-programme/equity-equite/best practicespratiques examplaires-eng.aspx\#b
- Website to assist in identifying how job description language is gender-coded: http://genderdecoder.katmatfield.com


## Search Committee Membership and ToolsEvaluating Applications

When evaluating letters of recommendation or reviewing references be mindful of stereotypical thinking and how certain words or phrases may be utilized when describing characteristics of men and women

- Heilman ME, Martell RF, Simon MC. The vagaries of sex bias: Conditions regulating the undervaluation, equivalence, and overvaluation of female job applicants. Organizational Behavior and Human Decision Processes. 1988;41:98-110.
- http://wiseli.engr.wisc.edu/docs/BiasBrochure 3rdEd.pdf

Develop review criteria in advance
Review diversity of applicants/candidates at each stage of the search
Avoid averaging non productive periods with productive periods during family or medical leaves

How to evaluate applications with nontraditional components:

# Search Committee Membership and ToolsEvaluating Applications 

## Letters of Recommendation

- 312 letters for faculty hires at a major medical school
- Letters for women were:
- Shorter
- Less record focused
- Less professional respect (first names rather than professional titles)

| Component | Men <br> (222) | Women <br> $(89)$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Standout adj. ${ }^{1}$ | $2.0 /$ letter | $1.5 /$ letter |
| Grindstone <br> adjective $^{2}$ | $23 \%$ | $34 \%$ |
| Doubt raiser $^{3}$ | $12 \%$ | $24 \%$ |
| Personal life | $1 \%$ | $6 \%$ |
| Achievements | $13 \%$ | $3 \%$ |

${ }^{1}$ Excellent, superb, outstanding, unique
2 Hardworking, conscientious, dependable, dedicated, careful, meticulous.
${ }^{3}$ Negative language, unexplained comments, faint praise

## Search Committee Membership and ToolsEvaluating Applications

Tips for Reading and Writing Letters of Recommendation (avoiding gender bias)
https://advance.cc.lehigh.edu/news/gender-bias-calculator-lettersrecommendation
http://csw.arizona.edu/sites/default/files/avoiding gender bias in letter of reference writing.pdf


## Search Committee Membership and ToolsEvaluating applications with Non-traditional components

## Web resources:

- https://hbr.org/2016/02/how-to-assess-a-job-candidate-who-doesnt-fit-the-mold
- https://www.forbes.com/sites/gradsoflife/2017/04/13/employers-are-overlooking-non-traditional-candidates-and-its-costingthem/\#49babe0567e7
- https://www.slideshare.net/WorkableHR/structured-interviews-101-how-to-make-the-most-effective-interview-process-work-for-your-hiring-team
- https://fosteredu.pennfoster.edu/how-to-evaluate-job-candidates-with-non-traditional-backgrounds


## Books:

- What Works by Iris Bohnet


## Search Committee Membership and ToolsInterview Questions

- Develop a list of interview questions that all candidates are asked
- Some search firms will provide you lists of standardized questions to choose from
- Interview questions on equity and diversity
- http://faculty.medicine.umich.edu/appointments-promotions/appointment-policies/michigan-medicine-search-committee-recruitment-toolkit/behavior-based-interview-questionsrelated
- Web resources:
- https://hbr.org/2016/02/7-rules-for-job-interview-questions-that-result-in-great-hires
- https://r.search.yahoo.com/_ylt=AwrBT4VNK0VaOFwApRpXNyoA; ylu=X3oDMTEyOGJqOWJtBGNvbG8DYmYxBHBvcwMzBHZOa WQDQjM4NjFfMQRzZWMDc31$/ R V=2 / R E=1514511309 / R O=10 / R U=h t t p s \% 3 a \% 2 f \% 2 f w w w . p u r d u e$ .edu\%2fhr\%2fdoc\%2fInterview\%2520Questionnaire\%2520Guide.d oc/RK=2/RS=QrWrcnabshsWVYVyAUPeVLMPbC0-


## Advertise for Diversity - Job Postings and Commitment to Equity Statements

Require a track record related to diversity - have applicants write a commitment to equity statement

## Examples of Commitment to Equity Statements:

- https://www.brown.edu/about/administration/sheridan-


## center/consultations/academic-job-market-resources/diversity-statements

- http://facultydiversity.ucsd.edu/c2d/index.html
- http://tacdiversitystatement.wikispaces.com
- https://grad.uchicago.edu/sites/default/files/careerresources/DiversityStatementPresentation.pdf
- https://www.uctv.tv/shows/Evaluating-Contributions-to-Diversity-Statements-Case-Studies-25943
- http://nonprofitinclusiveness.org/examples-values-statements-commitmentsdiversityinclusiveness


## Interview

Rank selection criteria in advance to ensure unbiased, consistent and transparent selection process
Utilize a variety of formats (small groups, 1 on 1, town hall)

- Determine a standard strategy for introducing candidates in public formats (i.e. utilize formal titles)
Be explicit that career breaks for family or medical needs will not negatively impact the candidate

Conduct an environmental scan. Does the environment support diversity?

## Hiring decisions

Candidates with the most years experience are not necessarily the most qualified
Encourage the committee to be inclusive instead of exclusive when composing the final list of applicants
Provide report of the entire selection process with a focus on how underrepresented groups were included. This should be reviewed and approved by diversity expert.

Publically available report of selection committee composition.

## Hiring Process Guides that We Selected from Online Resources

- http://www.uleth.ca/diversityadvantage/documents/FacultyEquityHirin gGuideOct07final web.pdf
- http://diversity.berkeley.edu/sites/default/files/recruiting a more dive rse workforce uhs.pdf
- http://odi.rutgers.edu/sites/odi/files/Columbia\ U\ guide\ to\% 20best\%20practices\%20in\%20faculty\%20search\%20and\%20hiring.p df
- https://www.cpp.edu/~officeofequity/documents/Faculty\ Hiring\%2 0Workshop\%20Manual.pdf
- https://policies.westernsydney.edu.au/document/view.current.php?id =324\&version=1
- http://www.wwu.edu/eoo/docs/hiringguide.pdf
- https://www.ius.edu/diversity/files/best-practices.pdf


## References

Carnes M, Devine PG, Baier Manwell L, et al. The effect of an intervention to break the gender bias habit for faculty at one institution: a cluster randomized, controlled trial. Acad Med 2015;90:221-30.
Carr PL, Gunn C, Raj A, Kaplan S, Freund KM. Recruitment, Promotion, and Retention of Women in Academic Medicine: How Institutions Are Addressing Gender Disparities. Womens Health Issues 2017;27:374-81.
Heilman M. The Impact of Situational Factors on Personnel Decisions Concerning Women: Varing the Sex Composition of the Applicant Pool. Organizational Behavior and Human Performance 1980;26:386-95.
Ibrahim H, Stadler DJ, Archuleta S, Cofrancesco J, Jr. Twelve tips to promote gender equity in international academic medicine. Med Teach 2017:1-7.
Isaac C, Lee B, Carnes M. Interventions that affect gender bias in hiring: a systematic review. Acad Med 2009;84:1440-6.
Westring A, McDonald JM, Carr P, Grisso JA. An Integrated Framework for Gender Equity in Academic Medicine. Acad Med 2016;91:1041-4.

## Committee (Non-search) membership

Recommend composition of committees strive for a minimum of 40\% of each male and female leadership
Annually senior leadership in conjunction with diversity expert should review committee composition and should track results.
Committees lacking the minimum $40 \%$ of either gender will be tracked and noted and one of the following will be pursued

- Add additional members from the underrepresented gender
- Appoint a deputy chairperson from the underrepresented group
- Seek members from underrepresented group elsewhere within the University
- Recommend changes to composition (limit terms, limit ex-officio members, broaden eligibility from more junior members)
- Schedule and organize meetings that work for as many staff as possible with consideration to staff who have caring responsibilities


## Annual reviews

- Committees with less than $40 \%$ of either gender should report how they plan to mitigate that or what has been done previously to increase representation from underrepresented gender


## References

Carr PL, Gunn C, Raj A, Kaplan S, Freund KM. Recruitment, Promotion, and Retention of Women in Academic Medicine: How Institutions Are Addressing Gender Disparities. Womens Health Issues 2017;27:374-81.
Carnes M, Devine PG, Baier Manwell L, et al. The effect of an intervention to break the gender bias habit for faculty at one institution: a cluster randomized, controlled trial. Acad Med 2015;90:221-30.

Isaac C, Lee B, Carnes M. Interventions that affect gender bias in hiring: a systematic review. Acad Med 2009;84:1440-6.
https://policies.westernsydney.edu.au/document/view.current.php?id=324\&ver sion=1
https://www.westernsydney.edu.au/__data/assets/pdf_file/0010/1258075/WSU _WGEA_Compliance_Report_PUBLIC_18_07_2017_signedSH.pdf

## Speaker and Conference Recruitment Planning

Create a registry of potential female speakers, keynote, and session chairs

Ensure that all aspects of the conference take into account gender equity

- Who is on the planning committee?
- Who are the chairs?
- What is the make up of proposed speakers?
- Recommend looking at total speakers as well as keynote speakers
- Pay attention to marketing materials (pamphlets, websites, etc.) ensuring that conference materials take a diverse and equitable approach to representing men and women and ensuring roles equally spread out (i.e. men and women pictured as physicians)
- Track results and publically report them
- If disparities exist, explore why and prepare a plan to improve gender diversity


## References

Burden M, Frank MG, Keniston A, et al. Gender disparities in leadership and scholarly productivity of academic hospitalists. J Hosp Med 2015;10:481-5.
Carr PL, Gunn C, Raj A, Kaplan S, Freund KM. Recruitment, Promotion, and Retention of Women in Academic Medicine: How Institutions Are Addressing Gender Disparities. Womens Health Issues 2017;27:374-81.

Casadevall A. Achieving Speaker Gender Equity at the American Society for Microbiology General Meeting. MBio 2015;6:e01146.
http://www.sciencemag.org/careers/2015/07/countering-gender-biasconferences


## Reporting

Monitor and report on gender equity results

- [Provide link here for tools]
- [Provide link here for tools]
- [Provide link here for tools]

House high level reporting documents in a transparent and accessible format (i.e. website)


## We want your feedback!

We aim for this toolkit to be a "living" document improved by real-time constructive feedback.
**Please send feedback on this toolkit and our checklists and reporting tools to: $\qquad$


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Learn
Serve
Lead

## Basic Steps to Achieving Gender Equity in Recruitment to Committees

| Composition of Committee Members | Yes | No |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| - Formalize a process for invitation for committee members with high consideration for open invitation to key stakeholders. If no, document rationale for appointing members. |  |  |
| - There is gender balance among the committee members. [Should there not be sufficient diversity from within a group then seek diversity from members external to the group] Goal: Minimum of $40 \%$ for either gender. |  |  |
| - All committee members have (or will have received) unconscious bias training. See toolkit for resources. |  |  |
| Annual Committee Review |  |  |
| - Senior leadership in conjunction with equity/diversity expert have reviewed committee composition (Date: $\qquad$ ) |  |  |
| Reporting |  |  |
| - Committee composition will be publically reported as well as how membership is selected (appointed, elected, etc.) <br> - Committees lacking the minimum $40 \%$ of either gender will prepare report on how they will increase the representation of the underrepresented group to senior level/executive level leadership |  |  |
| Reporting for Committees lacking the minimum 40\% of either gender will: |  |  |
| - Add additional members from the underrepresented gender <br> - Appoint a deputy chairperson from the underrepresented gender <br> - Seek members from the underrepresented group elsewhere within the organization <br> - Recommend changes to composition (limit terms, limit ex-officio members, broaden eligibility for more junior members) declined, final candidates, etc.] <br> - Schedule and organize meetings that work for as many staff as possible with consideration for staff who have caring responsibilities |  |  |

[^1]| Basic Steps to Achieving Speaker Gender Balance |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Conference planning | Yes | No |
| - There is gender balance among the meeting or conference planners/committee. [Consider having a diversity expert serve on the planning committee] |  |  |
| - Committee has reviewed the speaker data (with breakdown by gender) from the previous meeting or conference? [This should include number of men and women for: keynote speakers, speakers, leadership of interest groups or other similar events, attendee makeup of the conference, membership in the professional society, department, etc.] Please see conference data tracking sheet. |  |  |
| - Committee/organization/group has developed a speaker policy that addresses goals for gender equity. For example, "The conference committee wants to achieve a gender balance of speakers that roughly reflects that of its audience." |  |  |
| - Speaker policy is visible and publically available and reported to the public including websites, advertisements, and/or invitations that are sent to speakers/attendees. |  |  |
| - Planning committee has developed a database of qualified, diverse speakers, both regionally and nationally. |  |  |
| - Planning committee has worked with public relations/advertising to ensure that marketing materials have diverse and equitable representation of men and women, paying attention to roles they play in the advertisements [i.e. if pictures of providers utilized ensuring that men and women are pictured in these roles] |  |  |
| Annual Reporting |  |  |
| - Planning committee completed annual report. Please see conference data tracking sheet. [Examine those invited, those who declined, final speakers examining by role (if applicable)] <br> - Reviewed annual reporting with action plan as needed for gender equity. See example of action plan for increased gender equity/diversity. <br> - Reporting presented to organization leadership (i.e. executive committee, high level leadership) |  |  |

## References:

Casadevall A. Achieving Speaker Gender Equity at the American Society for Microbiology General Meeting. MBio 2015;6:e01146.
Burden M, Frank MG, Keniston A, et al. Gender disparities in leadership and scholarly productivity of academic hospitalists. J Hosp Med 2015;10:481-5.
Carr PL, Gunn C, Raj A, Kaplan S, Freund KM. Recruitment, Promotion, and Retention of Women in Academic Medicine: How Institutions Are Addressing Gender Disparities. Womens Health Issues 2017;27:374-81.
http://www.sciencemag.org/careers/2015/07/countering-gender-bias-conferences Accessed December 10, 2017.
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Updated 4.21.18
Basic Steps to Achieving Gender Equity in Recruitment - Recruitment Requiring Search Committee

| Search Committee | Yes | No |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |

- There is gender balance among the committee members. [Should there not be sufficient diversity from within a group then seek diversity from members external to the group]
- Equity/diversity expert will serve on the planning committee or at serve as an advisor to the committee.
- All committee members have (or will have received) unconscious bias training. See toolkit for resources.
- Selection committee has access to a recruitment toolkit with methodology on how to create job description, evaluating applications with nontraditional components, list of interview questions
- Committee has or will review diversity of applicants at each stage and will plan accordingly when there is a lack of gender equity/representation.
- Criteria for selection have been determined in advance.


## Job description/job posting/advertisement

- Diversity expert has reviewed job posting.
- Inclusive unbiased, ungendered language has been utilized throughout the job description. Have avoided prioritizing traits that are traditionally masculine.
- Applicants required to submit a track record related to diversity (i.e. commitment to equity statement) and is stated in the job posting.
- Advertise widely including professional societies and associations of designated groups.


## Interview

- Selection criteria ranked in advance to ensure unbiased, consistent, and transparent selection process.
- Variety of formats are planned for interview (small groups, one on one, town hall).
- Candidates explicitly told that career breaks for family/medical leave will not negatively impact candidate


## Hiring Decisions/Reporting

- Report provided of the entire selection process with a focus on how women and other underrepresented groups were identified. Should be reviewed and approved by diversity expert. [Examine candidates invited, those who declined, final candidates, etc.]
- Report of selection committee composition


## References:

Ibrahim H, Stadler DJ, Archuleta S, Cofrancesco J, Jr. Twelve tips to promote gender equity in international academic medicine. Med Teach 2017:1-7.
Westring A, McDonald JM, Carr P, Grisso JA. An Integrated Framework for Gender Equity in Academic Medicine. Acad Med 2016;91:1041-4.
Carr PL, Gunn C, Raj A, Kaplan S, Freund KM. Recruitment, Promotion, and Retention of Women in Academic Medicine: How Institutions Are Addressing Gender Disparities. Womens Health Issues 2017;27:374-81.
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Isaac C, Lee B, Carnes M. Interventions that affect gender bias in hiring: a systematic review. Acad Med 2009;84:1440-6. http://www.hr.uwa.edu.au/policies/policies/equity/gender-balance-on-committees-policy Accessed December 10, 2017.
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| Conference tracking sheet |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year: | Total $\mathbf{N}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Male } \\ (\mathrm{N}, \%) \end{gathered}$ | Female $(\mathrm{N}, \%)$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { URM* } \\ & \text { (N, \%) } \end{aligned}$ |
| - Membership of organization, department, division, or other group [If there is not gender equity, examine the reason why] |  |  |  |  |
| - Planning committee composition |  |  |  |  |
| - Total speakers (for annual conference, or if reoccurring throughout the year include total for the year) INVITED; [track declined invitations and find out why] |  |  |  |  |
| - Total speakers (for annual conference, or if reoccurring throughout the year include total for the year) ACCEPTED |  |  |  |  |
| - Keynote/featured speakers (typically if at a conference they are the only speakers at that time, somehow highlighted as different from other speakers) |  |  |  |  |
| - Focus group/interest group leads (or similar type of group lead) |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Reporting |  |  | Yes | No |
| Conference statistics are publically reported (i.e. placed onto website, conference marketing materials, annual report for organization) |  |  |  |  |
| Conference statistics compared to previous years |  |  |  |  |
| Action plan developed for increased gender equity/diversity (if applicable) |  |  |  |  |
| Report and action plan shared with executive level leadership/high level leadership |  |  |  |  |

URM = Under-represented minority;
*Tracking for underrepresented minorities should be done separate from tracking for gender equity (i.e. goal should be to achieve equity in representation from women and URMs, not one or the other)

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Version 1.0 Work in Progress.3.6.18

| Recruitment requiring search committee - tracking sheet |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Selection Committee | Total $\mathbf{N}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Male } \\ (\mathrm{N}, \%) \end{gathered}$ | Female $(\mathrm{N}, \%)$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { URM* } \\ & \text { (N, \%) } \end{aligned}$ |
| - Composition of search committee |  |  |  |  |
| - Composition of all applicants - [if lack of diversity, action plan developed for increased gender equity/diversity] |  |  |  |  |
| - Composition of applicants invited for in person interview [add additional rows as needed for each step in selection process] [if lack of diversity, action plan developed for increased gender equity/diversity] |  |  |  |  |
| Reporting |  |  | Yes | No |
| Recruitment statistics above are publically reported (i.e. placed onto website, reports to senior level leadership) |  |  |  |  |
| Report provided of the entire selection process with a focus on how women and other underrepresented groups were identified. |  |  |  |  |
| Diversity/equity assessed at each key step of process |  |  |  |  |
| Action plan developed for increased gender equity/diversity (if applicable) |  |  |  |  |
| Report and action plan shared with executive level leadership |  |  |  |  |

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| Committee Membership - Tracking Sheet |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Committee Characteristics | Total <br> $\mathbf{N}$ | Male <br> (N, \%) | Female <br> (N, \%) |
| URM* |  |  |  |
| (N, \%) |  |  |  |$|$

URM = Under-represented minority;
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[^0]:    *Disclaimer: We have provided links throughout this tool to websites that are not affiliated with the AAMC. We do not endorse these sites but have provided them such that this tool can hopefully be as inclusive of a tool as possible and provide additional details and information should you need them.*

[^1]:    References:
    Carr PL, Gunn C, Raj A, Kaplan S, Freund KM. Recruitment, Promotion, and Retention of Women in Academic Medicine: How Institutions Are Addressing Gender Disparities. Womens Health Issues 2017;27:374-81.
    Carnes M, Devine PG, Baier Manwell L, et al. The effect of an intervention to break the gender bias habit for faculty at one institution: a cluster randomized, controlled trial. Acad Med 2015;90:221-30.
    Isaac C, Lee B, Carnes M. Interventions that affect gender bias in hiring: a systematic review. Acad Med 2009;84:1440-6. https://policies.westernsydney.edu.au/document/view.current.php?id=324\&version=1
    https://www.westernsydney.edu.au/__data/assets/pdf_file/0010/1258075/WSU_WGEA_Compliance_Report_PUBLIC_18_07_2017_signedSH.pdf http://www.hr.uwa.edu.au/policies/policies/equity/gender-balance-on-committees-policy
    Questions or feedback: Please email Marisha.Burden@ucdenver.edu and Amira.DelPino-jones@ucdenver.edu

